

Material Safety Data Sheet

Identity: Gallium Telluride

Formula: Ga₂Te₃

SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION

Manufacturer: [Stanford Advanced Materials](#) (SAM)

The information below is believed to be accurate and represents the best information available to SAM. However, SAM makes no warranty, expressed or implied with respect to such information and assumes no liability resulting from its use.

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/IDENTITY INFORMATION

Molecular weight: 522.24

| CAS # | OSHA PEL | ACGIH TLV | % |
|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 12024-27-0 | .1 mg(Te)/m ³ | .1 mg(Te)/m ³ | |

SECTION III - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Physical States: Solid

Boiling Point: N/A

Vapor Pressure (vs. air or mmHg): N/A

Melting Point: 788.00 C – 792.00 C

Density: 5.57 g/cm³

Evaporation Rate: N/A

Flash Point: N/A

Solubility in water: N/A

Appearance and odor: Black, brittle pieces, no odor.

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA:

Method Used: Unknown

Explosive Limits: LEL: N/A

UEL: N/A

Extinguishing Media: Use suitable extinguishing agent for surrounding material and type of fire

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

Firefighters must wear full face, self-contained breathing apparatus with full protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Fumes from fire are hazardous. Isolate runoff to prevent environmental pollution.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

When heated to decomposition, gallium telluride emits toxic fumes of tellurium.

SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable

Conditions to Avoid (instability): None

Incompatibility: None recorded

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts: Fumes of tellurium

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid (hazardous polymerization): None

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| SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA |
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Routes of entry: Inhalation? Yes Skin? Yes Eyes? Yes Ingestion? Yes Other?

-To the best of our knowledge the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of gallium telluride have not been thoroughly investigated and recorded.

-Elemental tellurium has relatively low toxicity. It is converted in the body to dimethyl telluride which imparts a garlic-like odor to the breath and sweat. Heavy exposures may, in addition, result in headache, drowsiness, metallic taste, loss of appetite, nausea, tremors, convulsions, and respiratory arrest.

Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure:

Inhalation: May cause a red, dry, burning throat, coughing, dry mouth, garlic-like odor to breath, sweat and urine, loss of appetite, sleepiness and nausea.

Ingestion: May cause a dry, burning mouth, garlic-like odor to breath and urine, loss of appetite, sleepiness and nausea.

Skin: May cause redness, inflammation, chemical burns and itching.

Eye: May cause redness, itching, inflammation, chemical burns and watering.

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic):

Inhalation:

Acute: SEVERE IRRITANT AND CORROSIVE. May cause irritation to the respiratory system, a dry mouth, garlic odor to breath, sweat and urine.

Chronic: May cause depression of bone marrow function, anorexia, nausea, depression, somnolence and pulmonary fibrosis.

Ingestion:

Acute: SEVERE IRRITANT AND CORROSIVE. May cause a dry mouth, suppression of sweat, garlic odor to breath and urine.

Chronic: May cause anorexia, nausea, depression and somnolence.

Skin:

Acute: SEVERE IRRITANT AND CORROSIVE. May cause irritation and itching.

Chronic: May cause dermatitis and depression of bone marrow function.

Eye:

Acute: SEVERE IRRITANT AND CORROSIVE.

Chronic: No chronic health effects recorded.

Target Organs: May affect the skin and central nervous system.

Carcinogenicity: NTP? No IARC Monographs? No OSHA Regulated? No

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Pre-existing skin disorders.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air, keep warm and quiet, and give oxygen if breathing is difficult; seek medical attention

Ingestion: Give 1-2 glasses of milk or water and induce vomiting, seek medical attention. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing, brush material off skin, wash affected area with mild soap and water, and seek medical attention if symptoms persist

Eye: Flush eyes with lukewarm water, lifting upper and lower eyelids for at least 15 minutes and seek medical attention

SECTION VII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled:

Wear appropriate respiratory and protective equipment specified in section VIII. Isolate spill area, provide ventilation and extinguish sources of ignition. Vacuum up spill using a high efficiency particulate absolute (HEPA) air filter and place in a closed container for proper disposal. Take care not to raise dust.

Waste disposal method:

Dispose of in accordance with state, local, and federal regulations.

Hazard Label Information:

Store in cool, dry area and in tightly sealed container. Wash thoroughly after handling.

SECTION VIII - CONTROL MEASURES

Protective Equipment Summary (Hazard Label Information):

NIOSH approved respirator, impervious gloves, safety glasses, clothes to prevent contact.

Ventilation:

Local Exhaust: To maintain concentration at low exposure levels.

Mechanical (General): Recommended.

Work/Hygienic/Maintenance Practices:

Implement engineering and work practice controls to reduce and maintain concentration of exposure at low levels. Use good housekeeping and sanitation practices. Do not use tobacco or food in work area. Wash thoroughly before eating or smoking. Do not blow dust off clothing or skin with compressed air.

Please be advised that N/A can either mean Not Applicable or No Data Has Been Established